WO 03/060227 PCT/US03/00753

- 25 -

I claim:

- A method of improving fabric properties comprising treating cotton fibers with a chemical reagent which forms covalent bonds with amino groups present within the fibers.
- 5 2. The method of Claim 1, wherein the chemical reagent is a carbodiimide.
 - 3. The method of Claim 1, wherein the chemical reagent forms amide bonds.
- 4. A method of enzymatically degrading cotton fibers to 10 yield essentially pure cellulose comprising the steps of sequentially treating the fibers first with cellulase and then with protease.
 - 5. A method of characterizing cotton fiber cell walls comprising the steps of specific enzyme degradation in sequential steps utilizing cellulases and proteases.
- 15 6. The method of Claim 5, wherein the cellulases are utilized at different pH's to accentuate differences between cotton fibers of different varieties.
 - 7. The method of Claim 5, wherein different types of proteases are utilized.

WO 03/060227 PCT/US03/00753

- 26 -

- 8. The method of Claim 7, wherein the different types of proteases are utilized sequentially.
- 9. The method of Claim 5, wherein different types of cellulases are utilized.
- 5 10. The method of Claim 9, wherein different types of cellulases are utilized sequentially.
 - 11. The methods of Claim 5-10, further comprising the step of utilizing the characterization of cotton fibers according to the methods to develop biochemical markers for fibers of different cotton varieties.

10

- 12. The method of Claim 11, wherein the biochemical markers are used in plant breeding to improve fiber quality.
- 13. The method of Claim 11, wherein the biochemical markers are used as a means to distinguish varieties of cotton.